

# COVID19 Impact-Practices-Policies June 3, 2021 9:00-10:30 AM





#### **HBCH ORGANIZATION MEMBERS**





























































































































## Welcome & Introductions



Chris Skisak, PhD Executive Director HBCH







#### **NorthStar Transparency Initiative**

#### Provides information to understand and act upon:



Price paid vs, fair-priced Medicare rate



Quality and outcomes of services provided



Adequacy of the total cost paid by employers to sustain our hospitals

Better negotiating leverage by participation in collective price benchmarking with other local employers

#### **Value-Based Purchasing Opportunities**

Proven opportunities to reduce cost, improve health and enhance consumer experience.



Advanced
Primary
Care

**Employer** 

**Opportunity** 



Episodes of Care



The Path
Forward For
Mental Health

Work with HBCH and your health plan to adopt Value-Based
Purchasing



# **Strategic Partners**







# <u>AGENDA</u>

9:00 – 9:10	Intro	Chris Skisak, PhD	HBCH
9:10 - 9:30	COVID19 & Vaccinations	Cliff Dacso, MD	BCM
9:30 - 9:40	Survey Summary	Steve Hoffman	Higginbotham
9:40 - 9:43	Johnathan Markert	Benefits Manager	bp
9:43 - 9:46	Carrie Rust	CHRO	ELLWOOD Group
9:46 — 9:49	Ted Barrall	Benefits Director	The Friedkin Group
9:49 - 9:52	Karen Rakers, MD	CMO	NLUC
9:52 - 10:25	Panel Discussion & Q&A		
10:25	Closing comments		



# Fixing Quality Fixes Costs – A Template for Employer Value

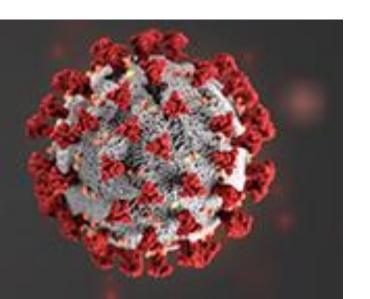


Clifford C. Dacso, MD, MPH
Professor, Molecular & Cellular Biology &
Medicine
Baylor College of Medicine

# Baylor Medicine

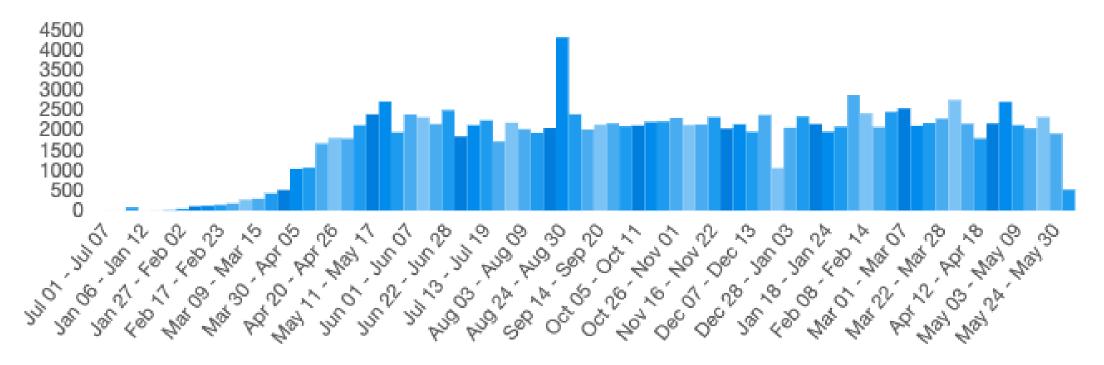


# **COVID-19: The Saga Continues**

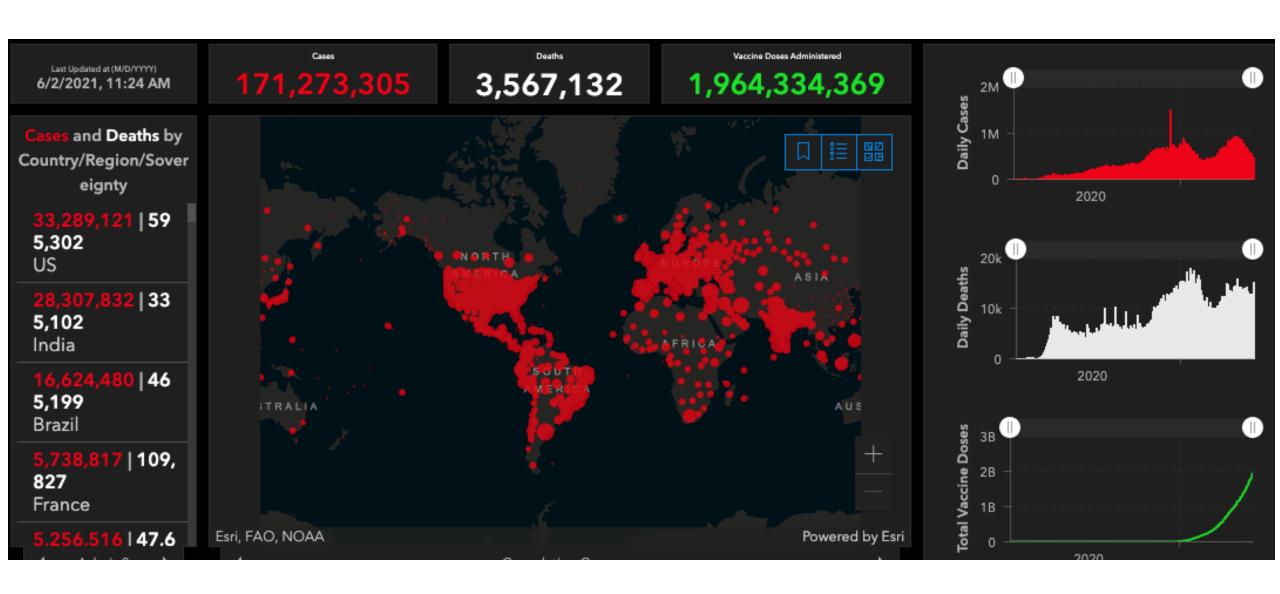


Clifford C. Dacso, MD, MPH, MBA
Philip J. Carroll, Jr. Professor of Translational
Molecular and Cellular Biology
Professor of Medicine
Adj. Professor of Electrical and Computer Engineering
(Rice University)

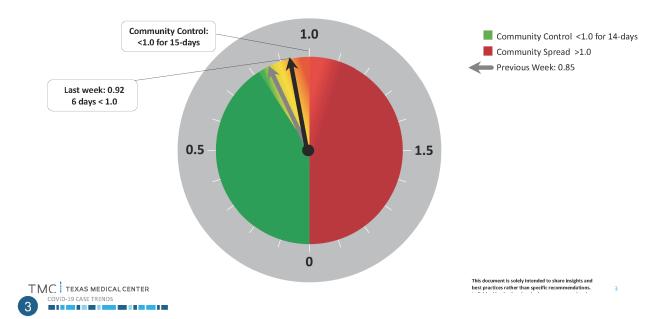
### Weekly Publications



Total publications: 135,084 as of 6/1/21



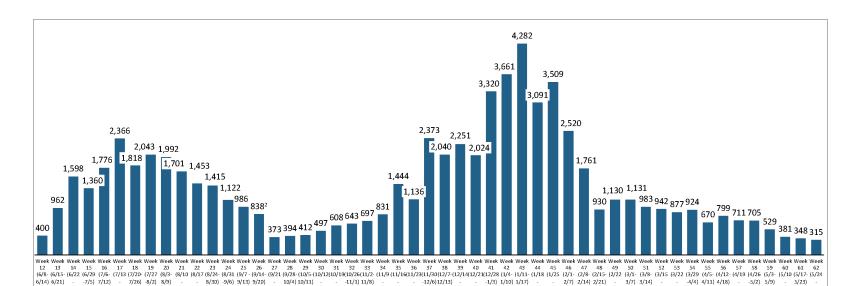
#### Harris County Stats 6/1/21



May 30, 2021

#### WEEKLY AVERAGE OF DAILY NEW COVID-19 POSITIVE CASES

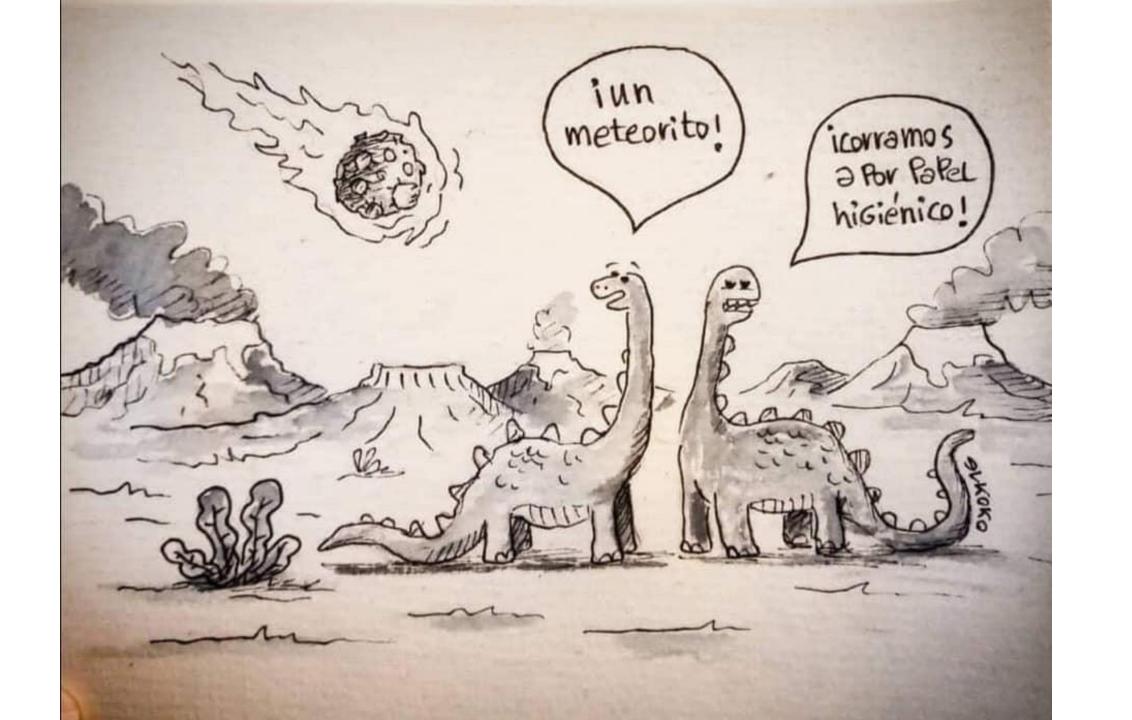
# Daily average new cases in Greater Houston Area¹ (Monday-Sunday)

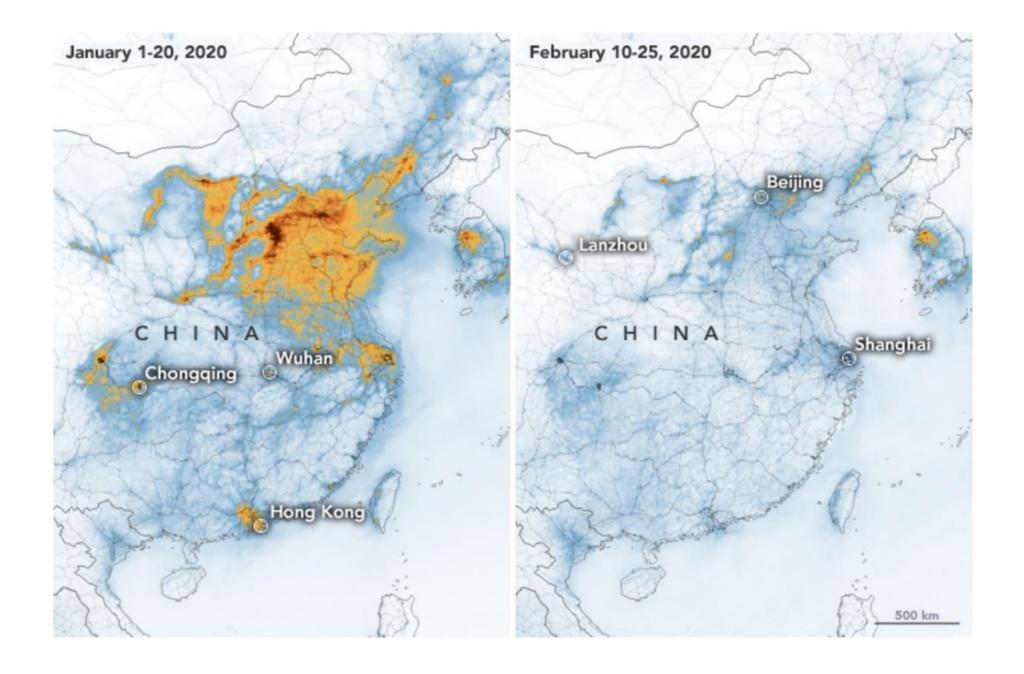


### And now...

# A little trip down memory lane

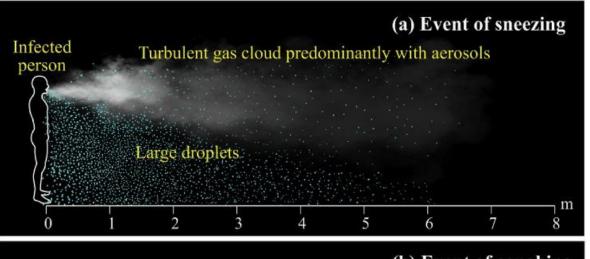


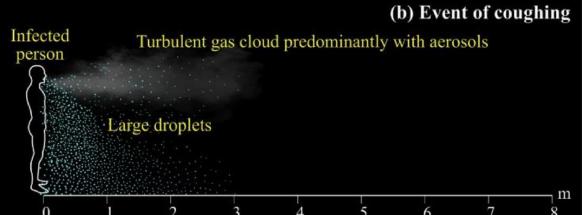


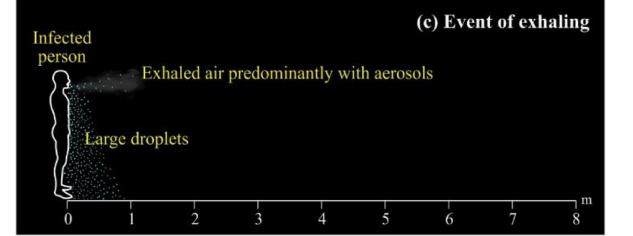


# Here's some biology you need to know.

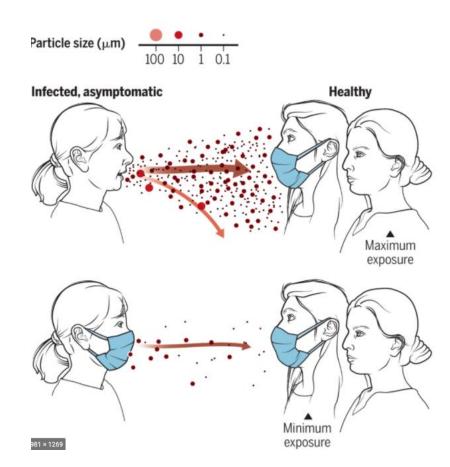




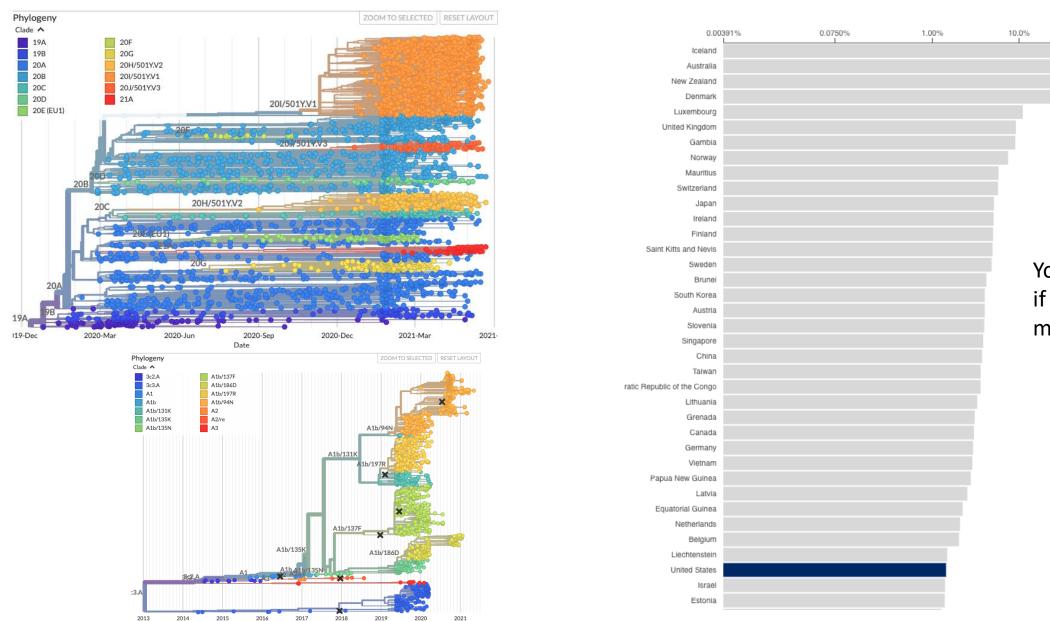




### Why masks work



#### **COVID** vs. flu: RNA Viruses mutate



2013

You can't manage if you can't measure

Percent Sequenced (natural log scale)

100%

#### **How the Vaccines Work**

#### Advantages:

- Enhances humoral and cellular immune responses
- Is stable, and can be easily prepared and harvested in large quantities.

#### Disadvatages:

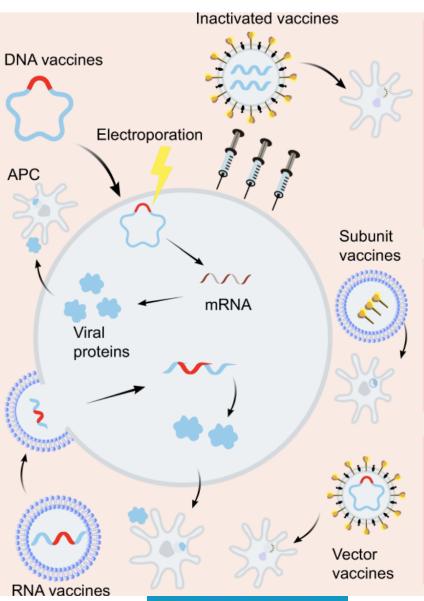
 The safety and efficacy of vaccines for use in humans remain unknown.

#### Advantages:

 Can be rapidly developed and have potential for low-cost manufacture.

#### Disadvatages:

- The properties of mRNA may influence its cellular delivery and organ distribution
- Whether it is safe or not in humans, this remains unknown.



#### Advantages:

 Can be easily produced and stably express conformationdependent antigenic epitopes.

#### Disadvatages:

- The unimportant antigen may skew the immune response
- Needs the biosafety level 3 growth of pathogen.

#### Advantages:

 May protect immunized animals from viral infection.

#### Disadvantages:

 May have limited efficacy and make immune responses unbalanced.

#### Advantages:

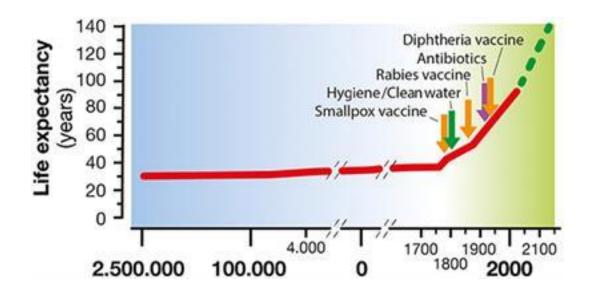
 Can infect APCs directly, and is physically and genetically stable.

#### Disadvatages:

 May induce prior immunity to the vector.

#### **Vaccines Work**

Vaccine	Effectiveness for Infection prevention
Influenza	44%
AZ Corona	70%
Chickenpox	92%
Moderna Corona	94%
Pfizer Corona	95%
Measles (MMR) (series)	97%
Polio (series)	99%



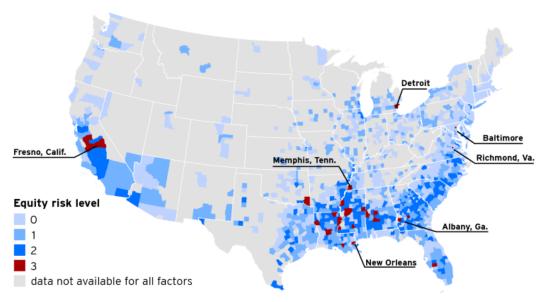
# Generic Methods of Infection Control (haven't changed for centuries)

	Treatment	Vaccination	Infection Control	Social Control
Reduce contact rate			X	X
Reduce infectiousness	X	X		
Reduce susceptibility		X		
Interrupt transmission			X	X
Reduce infectious source			X	X
Reduce duration of infectiousness	X			
Increase herd immunity		X		

#### **COVID-19 pandemic exposes profound inequities in the US**

	% AA in population	% AA deaths
Chicago	29%	70%
Washington, DC	46%	62.5%
Michigan	14%	40%
Ann Arbor, MI	11%	48%
Milwaukee, WI	26%	81%

Places with equity risk factors similar to New Orleans are located primarily in the Deep South U.S. counties, 2018



NOTE: EQUITY RISK LEVEL REFLECTS THE NUMBER OF TIMES THE COUNTY APPEARS IN THE TOP QUINTILE OF ALL COUNTIES FOR POVERTY RATE, MULTIGENERATIONAL HOUSEHOLDS, AND GAP IN WHITE/BLACK LIFE EXPECTANCY.

Source: Brookings analysis of 2018 5-year American Community Survey estimates and 2018 National Center for Health Statistics Mortality Files via countyhealthrankings.org.





# "In God we trust. All others must bring data."

- Dr. W. Edwards Deming



"'Data' is not the plural of anecdote"

- Clifford Dacso, MD





# **Panel Discussion**



Steve Hoffman (Moderator), Vice President, Higginbotham Associates



Johnathan
Markert,
Total Rewards
Global
Advisor,
BP America
Inc.



Carrie Rust,
Chief Human
Resources
Officer,
ELLWOOD
Group Inc.



Ted Barrall,
Director of
Compensation &
Benefits,
The Friedkin
Group



Karen Rakers, MD, Chief Medical Officer, Next Level Urgent Care



# **Q&A and Closing Comments**

